INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT - MIDDLE SECTION - DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS - TERM : 02 (2018 - 19)



## NAME OF THE STUDENT:

CLASS: 6 SEC: SUB: MATHEMATICS



DATE : 31. 01. 19 TOPIC: MENSURATION & PRACTICAL GEOMETRY

WORKSHEET NO: 05

Q.NO1	MCQ				ANSWERS
(a)	The area of a land is 150sq-m and the length is 15m, then the breadth is				
(d)	a) 15m	b) 2250m	c) 225 m	d) 10m	
	The perimeter of an equilateral triangle of side 13cm is				
(b)	a) 13cm	b) 39cm	c) 26cm	d) 169cm	
	The area of a square mat of side 7m is sq.m.				
(c)	a) 28	b) 14	c) 49	d) 77	
	The length of the side of a square of perimeter 96 cm is				
(d)	a) 24cm	b) 42cm	c) 44cm	d) 22cm	
	The side of a square with the area of 36sq-m is				
(e)	a) 9m	b) 4m	c)6m	d) 3m	
(6)	If the perimeter of a pentagon is 65 cm, then the length of each side is				
(1)	a)325cm	b) 15cm	c)13cm	d) 5cm	
	If the three squares of side 3cm each are joined together, the perimeter of the				
(g)	resulting figure is				
	a) 9cm	b) 36cm	c) 24cm	d) 12cm	

Q.NO	ANSWER THE FOLLOWING
2	Raj has a chart paper that measures 90cm $\times$ 50cm ,whereas Amit has another chart that measures 60cm $\times$ 80cm.Which chart has more area and by how much?
3	The perimeter of a triangle is 126cm.If the lengths of two sides are 46cm and 43cm, find the length of the third side.
4	Sam walks around a square park covers 800m in one round. Find the area of the park.
5	Tom wishes to cover a wall of his room measuring 14m $\times$ 10m by a wall paper. Each wall paper sheet is a rectangular paper measuring 2m $\times$ 1m.How many wall paper sheets would Tom need to cover the wall?
6	Find the cost of painting a square shaped door of side 9m at the rate of $\gtrless$ 60 per sq-m.
7	Ramesh bought a square plot of side 50m. Daniel bought a rectangular plot of length 50m and breadth 40m for the same price. Who is benefitted more?
8	Construct the line segments, CD of length 3.8cm and LM of length 4.5cm. Construct another line segment whose length is the sum of line segments CD and LM
9	Draw a line LM. Mark a point 'X' on the line and construct the perpendicular to the line LM that passes through 'X'.(Use ruler and compasses)
10	Draw a line 'p' and take a point 'M' not on it and construct the perpendicular to the line 'p' through the point 'M'. (Use ruler and compasses)
11	Draw a line segment of the length 7.8cm and construct its perpendicular bisector using ruler and compasses.
12	Construct <u>/XYZ</u> = 90 <sup>0</sup> and also construct its bisector by using ruler and compasses.